Species Hadarchaeum yellowstonense^{Ts}

Etymology

[yel.low.ston.en'se] **N.L. neut. adj.** *yellowstonense*, pertaining to the Yellowstone National Park, the place of sampling from where organism was found

Nomenclatural type

NCBI Assembly: GCA_001515205.2 Ts

Description

A detailed metabolic description of the proposed *Ca.* H. yellowstonense, formerly identified as YNP_45, is given in the original work by Baker *et al.* (2016) Nat. Microbiol. 1, 16002. doi: 10.1038/NMICROBIOL.2016.2. The organisms was found in hot spring in Yellowstone National Park, USA.

The reduced genome size and previously inferred gene content (821) suggests that the genome has undergone streamlining. The inferred metabolic capabilities indicates oxidation of carbon monoxide, which may be coupled to H2O or nitrite reduction to ammonia. Also inferred to contain a variety of central carbon metabolic (C1 pathway) genes found in methanogens, which may be used for carbon fixation. The organism is inferred to be thermophilic.

Classification

Archaea » Hadarchaeota » Hadarchaeia » Hadarchaeales » Hadarchaeaceae » Hadarchaeum » Hadarchaeum yellowstonense^{Ts}

References

Effective publication: Chuvochina et al., 2019 [1]

Registry URL

https://seqco.de/i:31423

References

1. Chuvochina et al. (2019). The importance of designating type material for uncultured taxa. *Systematic and Applied Microbiology*. DOI:10.1016/j.syapm.2018.07.003